

DIPLÔME NATIONAL DU BREVET

SESSION 2007

ANGLAIS

TOUTES SÉRIES

DURÉE DE L'ÉPREUVE : 1 heure 30 – COEFFICIENT : 1

Le candidat répondra directement sur le sujet.

L'usage de la calculatrice et du dictionnaire n'est pas autorisé.

Dès que ce sujet vous est remis, assurez-vous qu'il est complet.
Ce sujet comporte 5 pages numérotées de 1/5 à 5/5.

Compréhension du texte	6 points
Compétence linguistique	5 points
Rédaction	7 points

L'orthographe et la présentation sont notées sur 2 points.

ENGLISH SCHOOLS

It is not just in Harry Potter that you see kids in school uniform. It is one of the traditions which makes school life so different.

Can you imagine never wearing your jeans at school ? Well, this is the reality for most British schoolkids.

5 In England, schools for 11 to 18-year-olds are called secondary schools. Over 90 % of English children go to government state schools. Only 7 % go to private schools.

10 The most exclusive private schools are called « public » schools. For example, Prince William went to Eton, a top public school for the elite. These schools are very expensive : the school fees can cost up to 40,000 euros per year !

In English schools, the week goes from Monday to Friday, 9am to 4pm. There is no school on Saturday. There is a break in the morning, and at lunchtime. In some schools, teachers and pupils meet for assembly every morning.

15 Traditionally, assembly included hymns, prayers and news about the school. Today, because of England's cultural diversity, the hymns have been replaced in most schools by a talk on different subjects, like ecology...

Teachers stay after school to organize sports, drama and music clubs.

...Students are also encouraged to collect money for charity, by organizing special events.

Adapted from I Love English – September, October 2006.

(209 words)

I – COMPRÉHENSION DU TEXTE (6 points)

A - Compréhension globale (1 point)

Entourez la lettre qui correspond à la bonne réponse.

1. The document is a) a magazine article. 0,5 point
b) an extract from a novel.
c) a web page.
2. There are a) a lot of traditions in English schools. 0,5 point
b) no traditions.
c) English and French school traditions are the same.

B - Compréhension détaillée (5 points)

Ces affirmations sont-elles vraies (right) ou fausses (wrong) ?

Cochez la case R ou W et justifiez en citant le texte.

1. Not many English children go to public schools. 1 point
 R
 W
2. English Public schools are quite cheap. 1 point
 R
 W
3. Most pupils in England are allowed to wear jeans at school. 1 point
 R
 W
4. In most schools, the day starts with hymns. 1 point
 R
 W
5. Schools remain open for after-class activities. 1 point
 R
 W

II – COMPÉTENCE LINGUISTIQUE (5 points)

1- Écrivez les questions qui portent sur les mots soulignés. (2 points)

a) Prince William went to Eton. 0,5 point

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b) Pupils have music once a week. 0,5 point

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c) The school fees cost 40,000 euros per year. 0,5 point

.....

d) Eton has had the same uniform since 1820. 0,5 point

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2. Recopiez les phrases suivantes en mettant le verbe entre parenthèses au temps qui convient. (2 points)

a) My grandmother (go) to a government state school, when she was a child. 0,5 point

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b) In France, we (not wear) a uniform at school. 0,5 point

.....

c) I (be) at school since 2003. 0,5 point

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d) Listen ! The students (prepare) the Hallowe'en party. 0,5 point

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3. Transformez la phrase suivante au passif. (1 point)

Last month, the music club organised a concert. 1 point

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